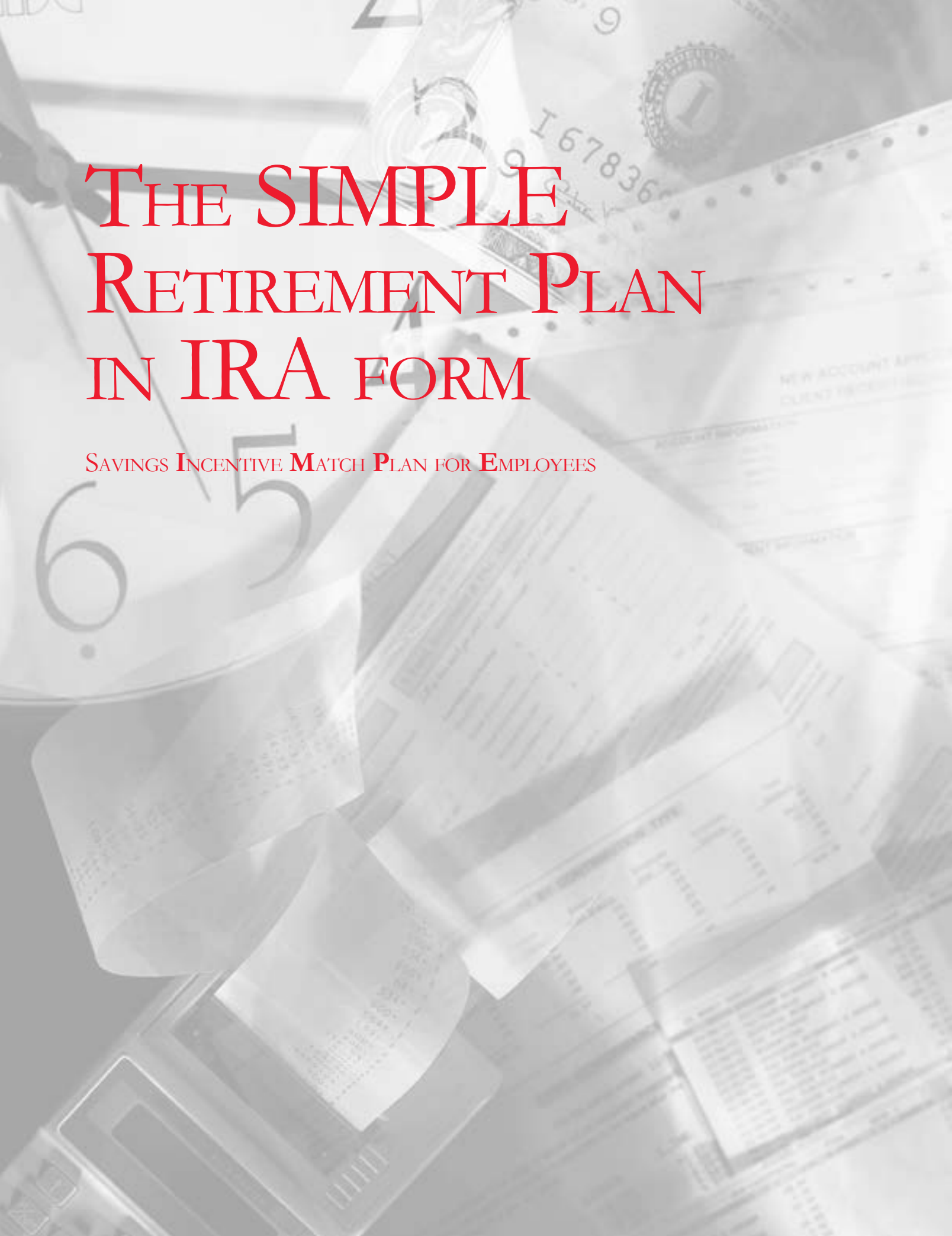

The SIMPLE Retirement Plan in IRA form

Savings Incentive Match Plan for Employees

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I	IRS Document	1
II	Primerica Disclosure	3
III	Adoption Agreement	13
IV	Sample Listbill	15
V	Rollover Chart	17

Form 5304-SIMPLE
(Rev. March 2012)
Department of the Treasury
Internal Revenue Service

Savings Incentive Match Plan for Employees of Small Employers (SIMPLE) Not for Use With a Designated Financial Institution

The Employer establishes the following SIMPLE IRA plan under section 408(p) of the Internal Revenue Code and pursuant to the instructions contained in this form.

Article I—Employee Eligibility Requirements

1.01 **General Eligibility Requirements.** The Employer agrees to permit salary reduction contributions to be made in each calendar year to the SIMPLE IRA established by each employee who meets the requirements selected in the Adoption Agreement.

1.02 **Excludable Employees.** If elected in the Adoption Agreement, the Employer shall exclude employees covered under a collective bargaining agreement for which retirement benefits were the subject of good faith bargaining. If the Employer maintains a qualified plan covering only such employees, the Employer is deemed to select this provision.

Article II—Salary Reduction Agreements

2.01 **Salary Reduction Election.** An eligible employee may make an election to have his or her compensation for each pay period reduced. The total amount of the reduction in the employee's compensation for a calendar year cannot exceed the applicable amount for that year.

2.02 **Timing of Salary Reduction Elections.**

(a) For a calendar year, an eligible employee may make or modify a salary reduction election during the 60-day period immediately preceding January 1 of that year. However, for the year in which the employee becomes eligible to make salary reduction contributions, the period during which the employee may make or modify the election is a 60-day period that includes either the date the employee becomes eligible or the day before.
(b) No salary reduction election may apply to compensation that an employee received, or had a right to immediately receive, before execution of the salary reduction election.
(c) An employee may terminate a salary reduction election at any time during the calendar year.

Article III—Contributions

3.01 **Salary Reduction Contributions.** The amount by which the employee agrees to reduce his or her compensation will be contributed by the Employer to the employee's SIMPLE IRA.

3.02 (a) **Matching Contributions.**

(i) For each calendar year, the Employer will contribute a matching contribution to each eligible employee's SIMPLE IRA equal to the employee's salary reduction contributions up to a limit of 3% of the employee's compensation for the calendar year.
(ii) The Employer may reduce the 3% limit for the calendar year in (i) only if:

(A) The limit is not reduced below 1%;
(B) The limit is not reduced for more than 2 calendar years during the 5-year period ending with the calendar year the reduction is effective; and
(C) Each employee is notified of the reduced limit within a reasonable period of time before the employees' 60-day election period for the calendar year (described in Article II, section 2.02(a)).

(b) **Nonelective Contributions**

(i) For any calendar year, instead of making matching contributions, the Employer may make nonelective contributions equal to 2% of compensation for the calendar year to the SIMPLE IRA of each eligible employee who has at least the amount of compensation indicated in the Adoption Agreement, but not more than $5,000, in compensation for the calendar year. No more than $250,000* in compensation can be taken into account in determining the nonelective contribution for each eligible employee.
(ii) For any calendar year, the Employer may make 2% nonelective contributions instead of matching contributions only if:

(A) Each eligible employee is notified that a 2% nonelective contribution will be made instead of a matching contribution; and
(B) This notification is provided within a reasonable period of time before the employees' 60-day election period for the calendar year (described in Article II, section 2.02(a)).

3.03 **Time and Manner of Contributions.**

(a) The Employer will make the salary reduction contributions (described in section 2.02(a) above) for each eligible employee to the SIMPLE IRA established at the financial institution selected by that employee no later than 30 days after the end of the month in which the money is withheld from the employee's pay. See SIMPLE IRA Plan Disclosure.
(b) The Employer will make the matching or nonelective contributions (described in sections 3.02(a) and 3.02(b) above) for each eligible employee to the SIMPLE IRA established at the financial institution selected by that employee no later than the due date for filing the Employer's tax return, including extensions, for the taxable year that includes the last day of the calendar year for which the contributions are made.

*This is the amount for 2012. For 2013 this amount was increased to $255,000; for 2014 this amount was $260,000 and for 2015 and 2016 this amount is $265,000. For later years, the limit may be increased for cost-of-living adjustments. The IRS announces the increase, if any, in a news release, in the Internal Revenue Bulletin, and on the IRS's internet website at **www.irs.gov.**

Copyright 1996-2016, PenServ, Inc., Control 05200.doc (1-16) (1-16)

Article IV—Other Requirements and Provisions

4.01 **Contributions in General.** Prior to December 19, 2015, the Employer will make no contributions to the SIMPLE IRAs other than salary reduction contributions (described in Article III, section 3.01) and matching or nonelective contributions (described in Article III, sections 3.02(a) and 3.02(b)). Effective December 19, 2015, this SIMPLE Plan will accept rollover contributions as described in section 408(p)(1)(B) of the Code including any subsequent guidance provided by the IRS.

4.02 **Vesting Requirements.** All contributions made under this SIMPLE IRA plan are fully vested and nonforfeitable.

4.03 **No Withdrawal Restrictions.** The Employer may not require the employee to retain any portion of the contributions in his or her SIMPLE IRA or otherwise impose any withdrawal restrictions.

4.04 **Selection of IRA Trustee.** The employer must permit each eligible employee to select the financial institution that will serve as the trustee, custodian, or issuer of the SIMPLE IRA to which the employer will make all contributions on behalf of that employee.

4.05 **Amendments To This SIMPLE IRA Plan.** This SIMPLE IRA plan may not be amended except to modify the entries inserted in the blanks or boxes provided in the Adoption Agreement.

4.06 **Effects Of Withdrawals and Rollovers.**

(a) An amount withdrawn from the SIMPLE IRA is generally includible in gross income. However, a SIMPLE IRA balance may be rolled over or transferred on a tax-free basis to another IRA designed solely to hold funds under a SIMPLE IRA plan. In addition, an individual may roll over or transfer his or her SIMPLE IRA balance to any IRA after a 2-year period has expired since the individual first participated in any SIMPLE IRA plan of the Employer. Any rollover or transfer must comply with the requirements under section 408.

(b) If an individual withdraws an amount from a SIMPLE IRA during the 2-year period beginning when the individual first participated in any SIMPLE IRA plan of the Employer and the amount is subject to the additional tax on early distributions under section 72(t), this additional tax is increased from 10% to 25%.

Article V—Definitions

5.01 **Compensation.**

(a) **General Definition of Compensation.** Compensation means the sum of the wages, tips, and other compensation from the Employer subject to federal income tax withholding (as described in section 6051(a)(3)) the amounts paid for domestic service in a private home, local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority, and the employee's salary reduction contributions made under this Plan, and, if applicable, elective deferrals under a section 401(k) plan, a SARSEP, or a section 403(b) annuity contract and compensation deferred under a section 457 plan required to be reported by the Employer on Form W-2 (as described in section 6051(a)(8)).

(b) **Compensation for Self-Employed Individuals.** For self-employed individuals, compensation means the net earnings from self- employment determined under section 1402(a), without regard to section 1402(c)(6), prior to subtracting any contributions made pursuant to this plan on behalf of the individual.

5.02 **Employee.** Employee means a common-law employee of the Employer. The term employee also includes a self-employed individual and a leased employee described in section 414(n) but does not include a nonresident alien who received no earned income from the Employer that constitutes income from sources within the United States.

5.03 **Eligible Employee.** An eligible employee means an employee who satisfies the conditions in the Adoption Agreement and is not excluded under section 1.02.

5.04 **SIMPLE IRA.** A SIMPLE IRA is an individual retirement account described in section 408(a), or an individual retirement annuity described in section 408(b), to which the only contributions that can be made are contributions under a SIMPLE IRA plan and rollovers or transfers from another SIMPLE IRA. Effective December 19, 2015, this SIMPLE Plan will accept rollover contributions as described in section 408(p)(1)(B) of the Code including any subsequent guidance provided by the IRS.

Article VI—Procedures for Withdrawal

6.01 The Employer will provide each Employee with the procedures for withdrawals of contributions received by the financial institution selected by that Employee, and that financial institution's name and address by attaching that information to this Plan unless: (1) that financial institution's procedures are unavailable, or (2) that financial institution provides the procedures directly to the employee.

General Instructions
Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Purpose of Form
Form 5304-SIMPLE is a model Savings Incentive Match Plan for Employees of Small Employers (SIMPLE) plan document that an employer may use to establish a SIMPLE IRA plan described in section 408(p), under which each eligible employee is permitted to select the financial institution for his or her SIMPLE IRA.

These instructions are designed to assist in the establishment and administration of the SIMPLE IRA plan. They are not intended to supersede any provision in the SIMPLE IRA plan.

Do not file Form 5304-SIMPLE with the IRS. Instead, keep it with your records.
For more information, see **Pub. 560,** Retirement Plans for Small Business (SEP, SIMPLE, and Qualified Plans), and **Pub. 590**, Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs).

Copyright 1996-2016, PenServ, Inc., Control 05200.doc (1-16) (1-16)

SIMPLE IRA DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

RIGHT TO REVOKE YOUR SIMPLE IRA ACCOUNT:

You may revoke this account at any time within seven calendar days after it is established by mailing or delivering a written request for revocation to PFS Investments Inc., c/o Primerica Shareholder Services, Attention: 534473, 500 Ross St. , 154-0520, Pittsburgh, PA 15262
Mailed notice will be considered given on the date postmarked (or the date certified or registered if mailed by this method). Upon proper written notification of revocation, you will receive a full return of your initial contribution, including sales commissions and/or administrative fees. If you have any questions, please phone 1-800-544-5445.

If you revoke your account by mailing a written notice, such notice must be postmarked by the 7th day after you sign the Adoption Agreement. If you revoke your SIMPLE IRA within the 7 day period you will receive a refund of the entire amount of your contributions to the SIMPLE IRA without any adjustment for earnings or any administrative expenses. If you exercise this revocation, we are still required to report certain information to the IRS.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS OF A SIMPLE IRA:

1. All SIMPLE contributions must be made in cash, unless you are making a rollover contribution or transfer, and the Custodian accepts such non-cash assets.
2. The only types of contributions permitted to be made to this SIMPLE IRA are salary reduction contributions and employer contributions under the employer's SIMPLE Retirement Plan.
3. The Custodian of your SIMPLE IRA must be a bank, savings and loan association, credit union or a person who is approved to act in such a capacity by the Secretary of the Treasury.
4. No portion of your SIMPLE IRA funds may be invested in life insurance contracts.
5. Your interest in your SIMPLE IRA must be fully vested and is nonforfeitable at all times.
6. The assets in your SIMPLE IRA may not be commingled with other property except in a common trust fund or common investment fund.
7. You may not invest the assets of your SIMPLE IRA in collectibles (as described in Section 408(m) of the Internal Revenue Code.) A collectible is defined as any work of art, rug or antique, metal or gem, stamp or coin, alcoholic beverage, or any other tangible personal property specified by the IRS. However, if the Custodian permits, specially minted US Gold and Silver bullion coins and certain state-issued coins are permissible SIMPLE IRA investments.
8. Your interest in your SIMPLE IRA must begin to be distributed to you by the April 1st following the calendar year you attain the age of 73. The methods of distribution, election deadlines, and other limitations are described in detail below.
9. For purposes of the SIMPLE Plan rules, in the case of an individual who is not a self-employed individual, compensation means the amount described in section 6051(a)(3) which includes wages, tips and other compensation from the employer subject to income tax withholding under section 3401(a), and amounts described in section 6051(a)(8), including elective contributions made under a SIMPLE plan, and compensation deferred under a section 457 plan. In the case of a self-employed individual, compensation means net earnings from self-employment determined under section 1402(a), prior to subtracting any contributions made under the SIMPLE plan on behalf of the individual.
10. Contributions to a SIMPLE IRA are excludible from federal income tax and not subject to federal income tax withholding when made to the SIMPLE IRA. Salary reduction contributions are subject to FICA, FUTA or RRTA tax when made and must be reported on the employee's Form W-2 wage statement. Matching and nonelective employer contributions made to a SIMPLE IRA are not subject to FICA, FUTA or RRTA and are not required to be reported on Form W-2.
11. A SIMPLE IRA must be established by or on behalf of an employee prior to the first date by which a contribution is required to be deposited into the SIMPLE IRA.

ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEES: Under a SIMPLE Retirement Plan established by an Eligible Employer, all employees of the employer who received at least $5,000 in compensation from the employer during any 2 preceding calendar years, whether or not consecutive, and who are reasonably expected to receive at least $5,000 in compensation during the calendar year, must be eligible to participate in the SIMPLE Plan for the calendar year. An employer may impose less restrictive eligibility requirements, such as eliminating or reducing the prior year compensation requirements, the current year compensation requirement, or both, under its SIMPLE Plan.

An employer, at its option, may exclude from eligibility employees who are included in a unit of employees covered by an agreement that the Secretary of Labor finds to be a collective bargaining agreement between employee representatives and one or more employers, if there is evidence that retirement benefits were the subject of good faith bargaining between such employee representatives and such employer or employers; in the case of a trust established or maintained pursuant to an agreement that the Secretary of Labor finds to be a collective bargaining agreement between air pilots represented in accordance with Title II of the Railway Labor Act and one or more employees, all employees not covered by that agreement; and employees who are nonresident aliens and who received no earned income from the employer that constitutes income from sources within the United States.

PARTICIPATION IN ANOTHER PLAN: An eligible employee may participate in an employer's SIMPLE Plan, even if he or she also participates in a plan of a different employer for the same year. However, the employee's salary reduction contributions are subject to the limitation of section 402(g), which provides an aggregate limit on the exclusion for elective deferrals for any individual. The employee is responsible for monitoring compliance with these limitations.

ELIGIBLE EMPLOYERS: SIMPLE plans may be established by employers (including tax-exempt employers and governmental entities) that had no more than 100 employees who earned $5,000 or more in compensation during the preceding calendar year. For purposes of the 100-employee limitation, all employees employed at any time during the calendar year are taken into account, regardless of whether they are eligible to participate in the SIMPLE plan. This means that otherwise excludible employees (i.e. certain union employees, nonresident aliens with no U.S. source income, and those employees who have not met the plan's minimum eligibility requirements) must be taken into account.

Tax Year	Contribution Limit
2020 - 2021	$ 13,500
2022	$ 14,000
2023	$ 15,500
2024	$ 16,000
2025	$ 16,500
2026	$ 17,000

The annual limit will be subject to cost-of-living increases in increments of $500, rounded to the lower increment.

CATCH-UP CONTRIBUTIONS: Beginning for 2002, if an individual has attained the age of 50 before the close of the taxable year for which an annual contribution is being made and meets the other eligibility requirements for making salary reduction SIMPLE IRA contributions, the annual SIMPLE IRA deferral limit for that individual would be increased as follows:

Tax Year	Normal Limit	Additional Catch-up	Total Contribution
2019	$13,000	$3,000	$16,000
2022	$14,000	$3,000	$17,000
2023	$15,5000	$3,500	$19,000
2024	$16,000	$3,500	$19,500
2025	$16,500	$3,500	$20,000
2026	$17,000	$4,000	$21,000

The additional catch-up amount for SIMPLE IRAs is subject to cost-of-living increases in increments of $500, rounded to the lower increment.

EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - 2 OPTIONS:

1. Matching Contributions: Under a SIMPLE plan, an employer is generally required to make a contribution on behalf of each eligible employee in an amount equal to the employee's salary reduction contributions, up to a limit of 3% of the employee's compensation for the entire calendar year.

   The 3% limit on matching contributions is permitted to be reduced for a calendar year at the election of the employer, but only if: the limit is not reduced below 1%; the limit is not reduced for more than 2 years out of the 5-year period that ends with and includes the year for which the election is effective; and employees are notified of the reduced limit within a reasonable period of time before the 60-day election period during which employees can enter into salary reduction agreements as described below.

   In determining whether the limit was reduced below 3% for a year, any year before the first year in which an employer (or a predecessor employer) maintains a SIMPLE plan will be treated as a year for which the limit was 3%. If an employer chooses to make nonelective contributions for a year in lieu of matching contributions, that year also will be treated as a year for which the limit was 3%.

2. Nonelective Contributions: Under a SIMPLE plan, an employer may make nonelective contributions in lieu of matching contributions. These nonelective contributions must be equal to 2% of each eligible employee's compensation for the entire calendar year, regardless of whether the employee elects to make salary reduction contributions for the calendar year. The employer may, but is not required to, limit nonelective contributions to eligible employees who have at least $5,000 (or some lower amount selected by the employer) of compensation for the year. For purposes of this 2% nonelective contribution only, the compensation taken into account must be limited to the amount of compensation under section 401(a)(17) for the year. The following compensation limit is subject to cost-of-living increases in increments of $5,000, rounded to the lower increment.

   $290,000 for 2021
   $305,000 for 2022
   $330,000 for 2023
   $345,000 for 2024
   $350,000 for 2025
   $360,000 for 2026

   An employer may substitute the 2% nonelective contribution for the matching contribution for a year only if eligible employees are notified within a reasonable period of time before the 60-day election period during which employees can enter into salary reduction agreements that a 2% nonelective contribution will be made instead of a matching contribution.

EMPLOYEE ELECTIONS: During the 60-day period immediately preceding January 1st of a calendar (i.e. November 2 to December 31 of the preceding calendar year), an eligible employee must be given the right to enter into a salary reduction agreement for the calendar year, or to modify a prior agreement (including reducing the amount subject to this agreement to $0). However, for the year in which the employee becomes eligible to make salary reduction contributions, the period during which the employee may enter into a salary reduction agreement or modify a prior agreement is a 60-day period that includes either the date the employee becomes eligible or the day before that date. For example, if an employer establishes a SIMPLE plan effective as of July 1, 2010, each eligible employee becomes eligible to make salary reduction contributions on that date and the 60-day period must begin no later than July 1 and cannot end before June 30, 2010.

During these 60-day periods, employees have the right to modify their salary reduction agreements without restrictions. In addition, for the year in which an employee becomes eligible to make salary reduction contributions, the employee must be able to commence these contributions as soon as the employee becomes eligible, regardless of whether the 60-day period has ended. An employer may, but is not required to, provide additional opportunities or longer periods for permitting eligible employees to enter into salary reduction agreements or to modify prior agreements.

An employee must be given the right to terminate a salary reduction agreement for a calendar year at any time during the year even if this is outside a SIMPLE plan's normal election period. The employer's SIMPLE plan may, however, provide that an employee who terminates a salary reduction agreement at any time other than the normal election period is not eligible to resume participation until the beginning of the next calendar year.

EMPLOYER ADMINISTRATIVE AND NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS: An employer must notify each employee, immediately before the employee's 60-day election period, of the employee's opportunity to enter into a salary reduction agreement or to modify a prior agreement. If applicable, this notification must disclose an employee's ability to select the financial institution that will serve as the trustee or custodian of the employee's SIMPLE IRA. Such notification must also include the Summary Description required under section 408(l)(2)(B). Such notification must also include whether the employer will be making either matching contributions (including the employer's election to reduce the matching contribution below 3%) or nonelective contributions as previously described.

If an eligible employee who is entitled to a contribution under the employer's SIMPLE plan is unwilling or unable to establish a SIMPLE IRA with any financial institution prior to the date on which the contribution is required to be made to the SIMPLE IRA of the employee, the employer may execute the necessary SIMPLE IRA documents on the employee's behalf with a financial institution selected by the employer.

The employer must deliver the salary reduction contributions to the financial institution maintaining the SIMPLE IRA as of the earliest date on which the contributions can reasonably be segregated from the employer's general assets, but no later than the close of the 30-day period following the last day of the month in which such amounts would otherwise have been payable to the employee in cash. In order to meet the earliest date standard, the DOL regulations provide for a 7-business day deadline for depositing the employee's salary deferral into their account.

Matching and nonelective employer contributions must be made to the financial institution maintaining the SIMPLE IRA no later than the due date for filing the employer's income tax return, including extensions, for the taxable year that includes the last day of the calendar year for which the contributions are made.

ROLLOVERS

ROLLOVER CONTRIBUTIONS FROM ANOTHER SIMPLE IRA: A rollover contribution to this SIMPLE IRA is only permitted from another SIMPLE IRA. A rollover contribution from another SIMPLE IRA is any amount the participant receives from one SIMPLE IRA and redeposits some or all of it into this SIMPLE IRA no later than 60 days following the date of receipt. The participant is not required to roll over the entire amount received from the first SIMPLE IRA. However, any amount you do not roll over will be taxed at ordinary income tax rates for federal income tax purposes and may also be subject to an additional tax if the distribution is a premature distribution described below.

ROLLOVER DISTRIBUTIONS FROM A SIMPLE IRA: A distribution from any SIMPLE IRA may be rolled over only to another SIMPLE IRA during the 2-year period the participant first participated in the employer's SIMPLE plan. Thus, a distribution from a SIMPLE IRA during that 2-year period qualifies as a rollover contribution (and is not includible in gross income of the participant) only if the distribution is paid into another SIMPLE IRA and satisfies the other requirements that apply to all IRA rollovers under section 408(d)(3). After this 2-year period, a distribution from a SIMPLE IRA may be rolled over to any IRA, or converted to a Roth IRA, maintained by the individual or to an employer plan, including a qualified plan, a 403(b) or a governmental 457(b) that accepts these types of rollovers. This 2-year period begins on the first day on which contributions made by the individual's employer are deposited in the individual's SIMPLE IRA.

SPECIAL RULES THAT APPLY TO ROLLOVERS:

- The rollover must be completed no later than the 60th day after the day the distribution was received by you.
- You may have only one IRA to IRA rollover during a 12 consecutive month period measured from the date you received a distribution of an IRA which was rolled over to another IRA. (See IRS Publication 590 for more information).
- The same property you receive in a distribution must be the same property you roll over into the second IRA. For example, if you receive a distribution from an IRA of property, such as stocks, that same stock must be rolled over into the second IRA.
- You are required to make an irrevocable election indicating that this transaction will be treated as a rollover contribution.
- You are not required to receive a complete distribution from your IRA in order to make a rollover contribution into another IRA, nor are you required to roll over the entire amount you received from the first IRA.
- If you inherit an IRA due to the death of the participant, you may not roll this IRA into your own IRA unless you are the spouse of the decedent.
- If you are age 73 or older and wish to roll over to another IRA, you must first satisfy the minimum distribution requirement for that year and then the rollover of the remaining amount may be made.
- Rollover contributions to a SIMPLE IRA may not be made from a qualified plan, 403(b) plan, 457(b), or any other IRA that is not a SIMPLE IRA.

EXCESS DEFERRALS: Excess elective deferrals (amounts in excess of the "applicable" SIMPLE elective deferral limit for the year) are includible in your gross income in the calendar year of deferral. Income on the excess elective deferrals is includible in your income in the year of withdrawal from the SIMPLE IRA. You should withdraw excess elective deferrals and any allocable income, from your SIMPLE IRA by April 15 following the year to which the deferrals relate. These amounts may not be transferred or rolled over tax-free to another SIMPLE IRA. If you fail to withdraw excess elective deferrals, and any allocable income, by the following April 15th, the excess elective deferrals will be taxed the year of deferral and taxed again when distributed. Income on excess elective deferrals is includible in your gross income in the year you withdraw it from your IRA and must be withdrawn by April 15 following the calendar year to which the deferrals relate. Income withdrawn from the SIMPLE IRA after that date may be subject to a 10% tax (or 25% if withdrawn within the first 2 years of participation) on early distributions. The rules for determining and allocating income attributable to excess elective deferrals and other excess SIMPLE contributions are the same as those governing regular IRA excess contributions. The trustee or custodian of your SIMPLE IRA will inform you of the income allocable to such excess amounts.

DISTRIBUTIONS: In general, all distributions from a SIMPLE IRA are subject to federal income tax by the payee or distributee, whichever the case may be. When you start withdrawing from your SIMPLE IRA, you may take the distributions in regular payments, random withdrawals or in a single sum payment. Generally, all amounts distributed to you from your SIMPLE IRA are included in your gross income in the taxable year in which they are received. However, if you have made nondeductible contributions to any regular IRA as permitted under section 408(o) of the Code, the nontaxable portion of the distribution, if any, will be a percentage based upon the ratio of your unrecovered nondeductible contributions to the aggregate of all IRA balances, including SEP, SIMPLE and rollover contributions, as of the end of the year in which you take the distribution, plus distributions from the account during the year. All taxable distributions from your SIMPLE IRA are taxed at ordinary income tax rates for federal income tax purposes and are not eligible for either capital gains treatment or 10 year averaging. An employer may not require an employee to retain any portion of the contribution in the SIMPLE IRA or otherwise impose any withdrawal restrictions.

PREMATURE DISTRIBUTIONS: In general, if you are under age 59 1/2 and receive a distribution from your SIMPLE IRA account, a 10% additional income tax will apply to the taxable portion of the distribution, unless the distribution is received due to death; disability; a series of substantially equal periodic payments at least annually over your life expectancy or the joint life expectancy of you and your designated beneficiary; medical expenses that exceed 7.5% of your adjusted gross income; health insurance premiums paid by certain unemployed individuals; qualified acquisition costs of a first time home buyer; qualified higher education expenses; a qualifying rollover distribution; the timely withdrawal of an excess deferral plus income attributable; due to an IRS Levy; qualified hurricane distributions received prior to January 1, 2007; qualified disaster recovery distributions; or qualified reservist distributions. If you request a distribution in the form of a series of substantially equal payments, and you modify the payments before 5 years have elapsed and before attaining age 59 1/2, the 10% additional income tax will apply retroactively to the year payments began through the year of such modification. In addition, if you request a distribution from your SIMPLE IRA within your first 2 years of participation in the SIMPLE plan and none of the exceptions listed above applies to the distribution, the normal 10% additional income tax referred to earlier is increased to 25%.

AGE 73 REQUIRED MINIMUM DISTRIBUTIONS: You are required to begin receiving minimum distributions from your SIMPLE IRA by your required beginning date (the April 1 of the year following the year you attain age 73). The year you attain age 73 is referred to as your "first distribution calendar year". The required minimum for your first distribution calendar year must be withdrawn no later than your required beginning date. The required minimum for your second distribution calendar year and for each subsequent distribution calendar year must be made by December 31 of each such year. Your minimum distribution for each year beginning with the calendar year you attain the age of 73 is generally based upon the value of your account at the end of the prior year divided by the factor for your age derived from the Uniform Lifetime Distribution Period Table regardless of who or what entity is your named beneficiary. This uniform table assumes you have a designated beneficiary exactly 10 years younger than you. However, if your spouse is your sole beneficiary and is more than 10 years younger than you, your required minimum distribution for each year is based upon the joint life expectancies of you and your spouse. The account balance that is used to determine each year's required minimum amount is the fair market value of each IRA you own as of the prior December 31st, adjusted for outstanding rollovers (or transfers) as of such prior December 31st.

However, no payment will be made from this SIMPLE IRA until you provide the Custodian with a proper distribution request acceptable by the Custodian. Upon receipt of such distribution request, you may switch to a joint life expectancy in determining the required minimum distribution if your spouse was your sole beneficiary as of the January 1st of the relevant distribution calendar year and such spouse is more than 10 years younger than you.

In any distribution calendar year you may take more than the required minimum. However, if you take less than the required minimum with respect to any distribution calendar year, you are subject to a Federal excise tax penalty of 50% of the difference between the amount required to be distributed and the amount actually distributed. If you are subject to that tax, you are required to file IRS Form 5329.

REPORTING THE REQUIRED MINIMUM DISTRIBUTION: Beginning for minimum distributions that are required for calendar 2003, the Custodian must provide a statement to each SIMPLE IRA owner who is subject to required minimum distributions that contains either the amount of the minimum or an offer by the Custodian to perform the calculation if requested by the SIMPLE IRA owner. The statement must inform the SIMPLE IRA owner that required minimum distributions apply and the date by which such amount must be distributed. The statement must further inform the SIMPLE IRA owner that beginning in 2004, the Custodian must report to the IRS that the SIMPLE IRA owner is required to receive a minimum for the calendar year.

DEATH DISTRIBUTIONS: If you die before your required beginning date and you have a designated beneficiary, the balance in your SIMPLE IRA will be distributed to your beneficiary over the beneficiary's single life expectancy. These distributions must commence no later than December 31st of the calendar year following the calendar year of your death. However, if your spouse is your sole beneficiary, these distributions are not required to commence until the December 31st of the calendar year you would have attained the age of 73, if that date is later than the required commencement date in the previous sentence. If you die before your required beginning date and you do not have a designated beneficiary, the balance in your SIMPLE IRA must be distributed no later than the December 31st of the calendar year that contains the fifth anniversary of your death.

If you die on or after your required beginning date and you have a designated beneficiary, the balance in your SIMPLE IRA will be distributed to your beneficiary over the longer of the beneficiary's single life expectancy or your remaining life expectancy. These distributions must commence no later than December 31st of the calendar year following the calendar year of your death. If you die on or after your required beginning date and you do not have a designated beneficiary, the balance in your SIMPLE IRA must be distributed over a period that does not exceed your remaining single life expectancy determined in the year of your death. However, the required minimum distribution for the calendar year that contains the date of your death is still required to be distributed. Such amount is determined as if you were still alive throughout that year.

Copyright 1996-2016, PenServ, Inc., Control 05102SD.doc (1/16) (1/16)

If your spouse is your sole beneficiary, your spouse may elect to treat your SIMPLE IRA as his or her own SIMPLE IRA, whether you die before or after your required beginning date. If you die after your required beginning date and your spouse elects to treat your SIMPLE IRA as his or her own SIMPLE IRA, any required minimum that has not been distributed for the year of your death must still be distributed to your surviving spouse and then the remaining balance can be treated as your spouse's own SIMPLE IRA

PROHIBITED TRANSACTIONS: If you or your beneficiaries engage in a prohibited transaction (as defined under Section 4975 of the Internal Revenue Code) with your SIMPLE IRA, it will lose its tax exemption and you must include the value of your account in your gross income for that taxable year. If you pledge any portion of your SIMPLE IRA as collateral for a loan, the amount so pledged will be treated as a distribution and will be included in your gross income for that year.

INCOME TAX WITHHOLDING: All withdrawals from your SIMPLE IRA (except a direct transfer) are subject to federal income tax withholding. You may, however, elect not to have withholding apply to your SIMPLE IRA distribution in most cases. If withholding does apply to your distribution, it is at the rate of 10% of the amount of the distribution.

DESIGNATED FINANCIAL INSTITUTION "DFI": In general, under section 408(p), an employer must permit an employee to select the financial institution for the SIMPLE IRA to which the employer will make all contributions on behalf of the employee. In this case, the financial institution is referred to as a "Non-DFI". Alternatively, under section 408(p)(7), an employer may require that all SIMPLE contributions initially be made to a single designated financial institution selected by the employer. In this case, the financial institution is referred to as a "DFI". Refer to your employer's SIMPLE Retirement Plan document to determine if the financial institution is a DFI or a Non-DFI.

USE OF A DESIGNATED FINANCIAL INSTITUTION "DFI" - If an employer requires that all SIMPLE contributions initially be made to a DFI, the following requirements must be met:

1. The employer and the financial institution must agree that the financial institution will be a DFI for the employer's SIMPLE plan;
2. The DFI must agree that, if a participant elects before the expiration of the employee's 60-day election period, the participant's balance will be transferred without cost or penalty to another SIMPLE IRA (or after the 2-year period no longer applies, to any IRA) to a financial institution selected by the participant; and
3. Each participant is given written notification describing the procedures under which, if a participant so elects, the participant's balance will be transferred without cost or penalty to another SIMPLE IRA (or after the 2-year period no longer applies, to any IRA) to a financial institution selected by the participant.

If the participant elects before the expiration of the 60-day election period to have the balance transferred without cost or penalty as described above, such election is valid only with respect to the balance attributable to SIMPLE contributions for the calendar year following that 60-day election period (or, for the year in which an employee becomes eligible to make salary reduction contributions for the remainder of that year) and subsequent calendar years if such election so provides.

If the participant timely elects the transfer of the balance without cost or penalty as described above, the participant's balance must be transferred on a reasonably frequent basis, such as on a monthly basis. If a participant timely elects this transfer without cost or penalty, the Custodian reserves the right to restrict the investment to a specified investment option until transferred, even though a variety of investment options are available with respect to contributions that the participant has not elected to transfer.

A transfer is deemed to be made without cost or penalty if no liquidation, transaction, redemption or termination fee, or any commission, load (whether front-end or back-end) or surrender charge or similar fee or charge is imposed with respect to the balance being transferred that the participant has filed a timely election with the DFI. However, the DFI can charge a reasonable annual administrative fee to a SIMPLE IRA from which balances must be transferred in accordance with the participant's timely transfer election.

In order to timely elect a transfer without cost or penalty, the participant must indicate such election on the SIMPLE IRA Adoption Agreement attached hereto and must be received by the DFI no later than the expiration of the 60-day election period applicable to the employee. If the participant fails to timely elect such transfers without cost or penalty, the DFI reserves the right to charge any or all fees and expenses described in Section 8.05 of this SIMPLE IRA plan agreement.

USE OF A NON DESIGNATED FINANCIAL INSTITUTION "NON-DFI": If the employer's SIMPLE plan permits the participants to select their own financial institution to serve as trustee or custodian of the SIMPLE IRA, the rules explained above do not apply and the Custodian may charge any and all fees described in Section 8.05 of the SIMPLE IRA plan agreement.

TRANSFERS DEFINED: A direct transfer is a payment from this SIMPLE IRA directly to another trustee or custodian of a SIMPLE IRA (or, after the 2-year period no longer applies, to the trustee or custodian of any IRA). Transfers do not constitute a distribution since you are never in receipt of the funds. The monies are transferred directly to the new trustee or custodian. If you should transfer all or a portion of your SIMPLE IRA to your former spouse's IRA under a divorce decree (or under a written instrument incident to divorce) or separation instrument, you will not be deemed to have made a taxable distribution, but merely a transfer. The portion so transferred will be treated at the time of the transfer as the IRA of your spouse or former spouse. If your spouse is the beneficiary of your SIMPLE IRA, in the event of your death, your spouse may "assume" your SIMPLE IRA. The assumed IRA is then treated as your surviving spouse's IRA.

SUMMARY DESCRIPTION REQUIREMENTS: In general, the Custodian of any SIMPLE IRA must annually provide to the employer maintaining the SIMPLE plan a Summary Description early enough to allow the employer to meet its notification obligations. If the Custodian of this SIMPLE IRA is a DFI, the Summary Description will be provided directly to the employer by the Custodian in the underlying SIMPLE plan agreement. If the Custodian of this SIMPLE IRA is a Non-DFI, the Summary Description will be provided directly to the employee by the Custodian. The employee agrees to have the employer complete certain information contained on the Summary Description with respect to the employer's SIMPLE plan provisions. A sample Summary Description for a Non-DFI is located on the following page. The Custodian of a "transfer SIMPLE IRA" is not required to provide this Summary Description. A SIMPLE IRA is a "transfer SIMPLE IRA" if it is not a SIMPLE IRA to which the employer has made contributions under the SIMPLE plan.

PROCEDURES FOR WITHDRAWALS: All distributions from this SIMPLE IRA must be requested in writing on a form provided to the participant by the Custodian. After the withdrawal form has been completed and executed by the recipient, the form must be either hand-delivered to the Custodian during normal business hours or mailed to the Custodian by first class mail, certified or registered mail prepaid through the U.S. Postal Service, or through any means of an expedited delivery service. After receipt of a properly executed withdrawal form, the Custodian will process the distribution as soon as administratively feasible.

FEDERAL ESTATE AND GIFT TAXES: Generally, there is no specific exclusion for SIMPLE IRAs under the estate tax rules. Therefore, in the event of your death, your SIMPLE IRA balance will be includible in your gross estate for federal estate tax purposes. However, if your surviving spouse is the beneficiary of your SIMPLE IRA, the amount in your SIMPLE IRA may qualify for the marital deduction available under Section 2056 of the Internal Revenue Code. A transfer of property for federal gift tax purposes does not include an amount which a beneficiary receives from a SIMPLE IRA plan.

PENALTIES: If you are under age 59 1/2 and receive a premature distribution from your SIMPLE IRA, an additional 10% (or 25% for certain SIMPLE IRA distributions) income tax will apply on the taxable amount of the distribution. If you are age 73 or over or if you should die, and the appropriate required minimum distributions are not made from your SIMPLE IRA, an additional tax of 50% is imposed upon the difference between what should have been distributed and what was actually distributed.

IRS APPROVAL AS TO FORM: This SIMPLE IRA Custodial Agreement has been approved by the Internal Revenue Service as to form. This is not an endorsement of the plan in operation or of the investments offered.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: You may obtain further information on IRAs and SIMPLE IRAs from your District Office of the Internal Revenue Service. In particular you may wish to obtain IRS Publication 590 (Individual Retirement Arrangements).

FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

In General

IRS regulations require the Custodian to provide you with a financial projected growth of your SIMPLE IRA account based upon certain assumptions.

Growth in the Value of Your SIMPLE IRA

Growth in the value of your SIMPLE IRA is neither guaranteed nor projected. The value of your SIMPLE IRA will be computed by totaling the fair market value of the assets credited to your account. At least once a year the Custodian will send you a written report stating the current value of your SIMPLE IRA assets. The Custodian shall disclose separately a description of:

(a) The type and amount of each charge;
(b) The method of computing and allocating earnings, and
(c) Any portion of the contribution, if any, which may be used for the purchase of life insurance.

Custodian Fees

The **Custodian** may charge reasonable fees or compensation for its services and it may deduct all reasonable expenses incurred by it in the administration of your SIMPLE IRA, including any legal, accounting, distribution, transfer, termination or other designated fees. Any charges made by the **Custodian** will be separately disclosed on an attachment hereto. Such fees may be charged to you or directly to your custodial account. In addition, depending on your choice of investment vehicles, you may incur brokerage commissions attributable to the purchase or sale of assets.

SUMMARY DESCRIPTION FOR NON-DESIGNATED FINANCIAL INSTITUTION

Employer must complete the following:

ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

All Employees of the Employer shall be eligible to participate under the Plan except:

a. Employees included in a unit of employees covered under a collective bargaining agreement.
b. Non-resident alien employees who did not receive US source income.
c. Employees who are not reasonably expected to earn $ _____ (not to exceed $5,000) during the Plan Year for which the contribution is being made.
d. There are no eligibility requirements. All Employees are eligible to participate upon the later of the plan's effective date or the employee's date of hire.

Each Eligible Employee will be eligible to become a Participant after having worked for the Employer during any _____ prior years (not to exceed 2) and received at least $_____ in compensation (not to exceed $5,000), during each of such prior years.

WRITTEN ALLOCATION FORMULA

The Employer has agreed to provide contributions for the _____ Plan Year as follows (complete only one choice):

a. Matching Contribution - The amount of the Participant's Elective Deferral not in excess of 3% of such Participant's Compensation.
b. Matching Contribution - The amount of the Participant's Elective Deferral not in excess of _____% (not less than 1% nor more than 3%) of each Participant's Compensation
c. Nonelective Employer Contribution - 2% of each Participant's Compensation.

The Employer has designated _____ (insert Name & Title) to provide additional information to participants about the Employer's SIMPLE Plan.

GENERAL DISCLOSURE INFORMATION

The following information explains what a Savings Incentive Match Plan for Employees ("SIMPLE") is, how contributions are made, and how to treat these contributions for tax purposes. For more specific information, refer to the employer's SIMPLE Retirement Plan document itself. For a calendar year, you may make or modify a salary reduction election during the 60-day period immediately preceding January 1 of that year. However, for the year in which you first become eligible to make salary reduction contributions, the period during which you may make or modify the election is a 60 day period that includes either the date you become eligible or the day before. If indicated in your employer's SIMPLE plan, you may have additional opportunities during a calendar year to make or modify your salary reduction election.

I. SIMPLE Retirement Plan and SIMPLE IRA Defined

A SIMPLE Retirement Plan is a retirement income arrangement established by your employer. Under this SIMPLE Plan, you may choose to defer compensation to your own SIMPLE Individual Retirement Account or Annuity ("IRA"). You may base these "elective deferrals" on a salary reduction basis that, at your election, may be contributed to a SIMPLE IRA or received in cash. This type of plan is available only to an employer with 100 or fewer employees who earned at least $5,000 during the prior calendar year. A SIMPLE IRA is a separate IRA plan that you establish with an eligible financial institution for the purpose of receiving contributions under this SIMPLE Retirement Plan. Your employer must provide you with a copy of the SIMPLE agreement containing eligibility requirements and a description of the basis upon which contributions may be made. All amounts contributed to your IRA belong to you, even after you quit working for your employer.

II. Elective Deferrals - Not Required

You are not required to make elective deferrals under this SIMPLE Retirement Plan. However, if the Employer is matching your elective deferrals, no Employer contribution will be made on your behalf unless you elect to defer under the plan.

III. Elective Deferrals - Annual Limitation

The maximum amount that you may defer under this SIMPLE Plan for any calendar year is limited to the lesser of the percentage of your compensation that you select or the following dollar limit, subject to cost-of-living increases.

Applicable Annual Dollar Limitations

Tax Year	Contribution Limit
2021	$13,500
2022	$14,000
2023	$15,500
2024	$16,000
2025	$16,500
2026	$17,000

If you work for other employers (unrelated to this Employer) who also maintain a salary deferral plan, there is an overall limit on the maximum amount that you may defer in each calendar year to all elective SEPs, cash or deferred arrangements under section 401(k) of the Code, other SIMPLE plans and 403(b) plans regardless of how many employers you may have worked for during the year. This limitation is referred to as the section 402(g) limit. The section 402(g) limit on elective deferrals is currently $16,500 for 2011 and is indexed according to the cost of living. If you attain age 50 or over by the end of a calendar year, you can elect to have your compensation reduced by an additional "catch-up" amount of $2,500 for 2011 subject to cost-of-living adjustments.

IV. Elective Deferrals - Tax Treatment

The amount that you may elect to contribute to your SIMPLE IRA is excludible from gross income, subject to the limitations discussed above, and is not includible as taxable wages on Form W-2. However, these amounts are subject to FICA taxes.

V. Elective Deferrals - Excess Amounts Contributed

When "excess elective deferrals" (i.e., amounts in excess of the SIMPLE elective deferral limit or the section 402(g) limit) are made, you are responsible for calculating whether you have exceeded these limits in the calendar year. Excess elective deferrals are calculated on the basis of the calendar year.

VI. Excess Elective Deferrals - How to Avoid Adverse Tax Consequences

Excess elective deferrals are includible in your gross income in the calendar year of deferral. Income on the excess elective deferrals is includible in your income in the year of withdrawal from the SIMPLE IRA. You should withdraw excess elective deferrals and any allocable income, from your SIMPLE IRA by April 15 following the year to which the deferrals relate. These amounts may not be transferred or rolled over tax-free to another SIMPLE IRA. Income on excess elective deferrals is includible in your gross income in the year you withdraw it from your SIMIPLE IRA and must be withdrawn by April 15 following the calendar year to which the deferrals relate. Income withdrawn from the SIMPLE IRA after that date may be subject to a 10% tax (or 25% if withdrawn within the first 2 years of participation) on early distributions.

VII. Income Allocable To Excess Amounts

The rules for determining and allocating income attributable to excess elective deferrals and other excess SIMPLE contributions are the same as those governing regular IRA excess contributions. The trustee or custodian of your SIMPLE IRA will inform you of the income allocable to such excess amounts.

VIII. Availability of Regular IRA Contribution Deduction

In addition to any SIMPLE contribution, you may contribute to a separate IRA the lesser of 100% of compensation or the regular IRA contribution dollar limit to an IRA as a regular IRA contribution. However, the amount that you may deduct is subject to various limitations since you will be considered an "active participant" in an employer-sponsored plan. See Pub. 590, "Individual Retirement Arrangement", for more specific information.

IX. SIMPLE IRA Amounts - Rollover or Transfer to another IRA

You may not roll over or transfer from your SIMPLE IRA any SIMPLE contributions (or income on these contributions) made during the plan year to another IRA (other than a SIMPLE IRA), convert to a Roth IRA or rollover to an employer plan until the 2 years following the date you first participated in the SIMPLE plan. Also, any distribution made before this time will be includible in your gross income and may also be subject to a 25% percent additional income tax for early withdrawal. You may, however, remove excess elective deferrals and income allocable to such excess amounts from your SIMPLE IRA before this time, but you may not roll over or transfer these amounts to another IRA.

After the 2-year restriction no longer applies, you may withdraw, or receive, funds from your SIMPLE IRA, and no more than 60 days later, place such funds in another IRA or SIMPLE IRA. This is called a “rollover” and may not be done without penalty more frequently than at one-year intervals. However, there are no restrictions on the number of times that you may make “transfers” if you arrange to have such funds transferred between the Custodians so that you never have possession of the funds. You may not, however, roll over or transfer excess elective deferrals and income allocable to such excess amounts from your SIMPLE IRA to another IRA. These excess amounts may be reduced only by a distribution to you.

X. Filing Requirements

You do not need to file any additional forms with the IRS because of your participation in your employer’s SIMPLE Plan.

XI. Employer to Provide Information

Your employer must provide you with a copy of the executed SIMPLE agreement, a Summary Description, the form you should use to elect to defer amounts to your SIMPLE IRA, and a statement for each taxable year showing any contribution to your SIMPLE IRA.

XII. Financial Institution Where IRA is Established to Provide Information

The financial institution must provide you with a disclosure statement that contains information described in section 1.408-6 of the regulations. The Disclosure Statement that is a part of this SIMPLE IRA account documentation must be read in conjunction with this Summary Description for Non-Designated Financial Institutions. The Disclosure Statement contains important information about the SIMPLE plan rules and the contents of such Disclosure Statement are incorporated herein by reference. See Publication 590, “Individual Retirement Arrangements”, which is available at most IRS offices, for a more complete explanation of the disclosure requirements. In addition to the disclosure statement, the financial institution is required to provide you with a financial statement each year. It may be necessary to retain and refer to statements for more than one year in order to evaluate the investment performance of your IRA and in order that you will know how to report IRA distributions for tax purposes.

SIMPLE IRA SALARY REDUCTION AGREEMENT

SECTION I - GENERAL PLAN INFORMATION

Participant's Name: _____

Participant's Address: _____ SSN: _____

Name of Employer: _____

Trustee/Custodian: _____

SECTION II - SALARY REDUCTION DEFERRAL ELECTION

1. Subject to the requirements of the SIMPLE Retirement Plan of the above-named employer, I authorize the following amount or percentage of my compensation to be withheld from each of my paychecks and contributed to my SIMPLE IRA as a "Pre-Tax" salary reduction contribution.

   a. _____ percent of my salary (not in excess of 100%); OR
   b. $ _____ per pay period; OR
   c. $ _____ as of _____ [insert amount and date of single-sum deferral payment]

I understand that the total amount of pre-tax elective deferrals may not exceed the maximum deferral limit permitted by law, subject to cost-of-living adjustments.

☐ 2. I elect to terminate my salary reduction contributions. (Proceed to Section VIII below.)

☐ 3. I elect not to participate in my employer's SIMPLE Plan with respect to Salary reduction contributions.

I understand that this salary reduction authorization shall remain in effect until I give a written modification or termination of its terms to my employer.

SECTION III - AMOUNT OF DEFERRAL

1. If I will be under age 50 by the end of the relevant year, I understand that the total amount of my salary reduction contributions cannot exceed a specified dollar amount explained in the Summary Description.
2. If I will be age 50 or over by the end of the relevant year, I understand that the total amount of my age 50 catch-up salary reduction contributions cannot exceed a specified dollar amount explained in the Summary Description.
3. I understand that the total amount I defer in any calendar year to this SIMPLE may not exceed the lesser of: _____% of my compensation; or the dollar limitation indicated in 1(a) or 1(b) above.

SECTION IV - COMMENCEMENT OF DEFERRAL

The deferral election specified in Section II above shall not become effective before _____ (Specify a date no earlier than the first day of the first pay period beginning after you sign this agreement.)

SECTION V - DISTRIBUTIONS FROM SIMPLE IRA

I understand that any amounts withdrawn from my SIMPLE IRA are includible in my gross income and may be subject to a 25% additional income tax if withdrawn within 2 years of the day I first participated in this SIMPLE Plan.

SECTION VI - EMPLOYEE SELECTION OF SIMPLE IRA TRUSTEE OR CUSTODIAN

I select the following financial institution to serve as the trustee, custodian, or issuer of my SIMPLE IRA.

Name of Financial Institution: _____

Address: _____

SIMPLE IRA Account Name/Number: _____

I understand that I must establish a SIMPLE IRA to receive any contributions made on my behalf under this SIMPLE IRA Plan. If the information regarding my SIMPLE IRA is incomplete when I first submit my salary reduction agreement, I realize that it must be completed

Copyright 1997-2024, PenServ Plan Services, Inc.

by the date contributions must be made under the SIMPLE IRA Plan. If I fail to update my agreement to provide this information by that date, I understand that my employer may select a financial institution for my SIMPLE IRA.

Date: _____ Signature of Participant: _____

SECTION VII - TERMINATION OF ELECTIVE DEFERRALS

I understand that my employer may restrict me from resuming elective deferrals until the January 1st of the next Plan Year, if so indicated on the Adoption Agreement.

☐ I wish to stop my elective deferrals as of _____. (Fill in the date you want your salary reduction contributions to end. The date must be after you sign this agreement).

Employee Initials: _____ (Proceed to Section VIII below.)

SECTION VIII - PARTICIPANT AUTHORIZATION

I hereby authorize the implementation of the above elections. This salary reduction agreement replaces any earlier agreement and will remain in effect as long as I remain an Eligible Employee under the SIMPLE IRA Plan or until I provide my Employer with a new salary reduction agreement as permitted under this SIMPLE IRA Plan.

Signature of Employee: _____ Date: _____

Copyright 1997-2024, PenServ Plan Services, Inc.

SIMPLE PLAN EMPLOYER ADOPTION AGREEMENT

EMPLOYER INFORMATION

1. Name of Employer: _____
2. Address: _____
3. EIN: _____
4. Phone: _____

ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

5. The Employer agrees to permit salary reduction contributions to be made in each calendar year to the SIMPLE IRA established by each employee who meets the following requirements (select either (a) or (b)):

   (a) **Full Eligibility.** All employees are eligible

   (b) **Limited Eligibility**. Eligibility is limited to employees who are described in both (i) and (ii) below:

   (i) **Current compensation**. Employees who are reasonably expected to receive at least $ _____ in compensation (not to exceed $5,000) for the calendar year.

   (ii) **Prior compensation**. Employees who have received at least $_____ in compensation (not to exceed $5,000) during any _____ calendar year(s).

6. The Employer shall shall not include employees covered under a collective bargaining agreement for which retirement benefits were the subject of good faith bargaining. (Note: "shall not" applies if the Employer maintains a qualified plan covering only such employees).

SALARY REDUCTION AGREEMENTS

7. In addition to the election periods in 2.02(a) of the Plan, eligible employees may make salary reduction elections or modify prior elections: _____ . If the Employer chooses this option, insert a period or periods (e.g. semi-annualy, quarterly, monthly, or daily) that will apply uniformly to all eligible employees.
8. An employee who terminates a salary reduction election in accordance with 2.02 of the Plan may may not resume salary reduction contributions during the calendar year.

EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

For each calendar year, the Employer will contribute under one of the following formulas to the accounts of all eligible employees:

9. Matching Contributions: The Employer will contribute a matching contribution to each eligible employee's SIMPLE IRA equal to the employee's salary reduction contributions up to 3% subject to the limitations in section 3.02 of the Plan of the employee's compensation for the calendar year; or

10. Non-Elective Contributions: The Employer will make Nonelective Contributions equal to 2% of the employee's compensation for the calendar year to the SIMPLE IRA

Note: The actual notification of whether the Employer is making a Matching or Nonelective contribution and compensation requirements shall bemade on the Summary

Description which must be provided annually.

EFFECTIVE DATE

11. This SIMPLE IRA plan is effective _____ . See SIMPLE IRA Plan Disclosure.

SIGNATURES

Employer Signature: _____ Date: _____

Print name of Signer: _____ Title: _____

This page intentionally left blank.

Primerica Shareholder Services

Payroll Deduction Remittance Transmittal

PLEASE TYPE OR PRINT: Check if these accounts are an addition to an existing Plan
For the Pay Period ending:_____ Page# _____ of _____

(To be completed and returned with initial payment to: Primerica Shareholder Services)
If participant contributes to more than one fund or more than type of contribution, use more than one line.

1.

Owners First Name: _____ M.I. _____ Last Name: _____

Fund Symbol: _____ Dollar Amount: _____ OR: _____ %/Fund*

Participant Social Security Number: _____ ☐ Employee Contribution ☐ Employer Contribution

2.

Owners First Name: _____ M.I. _____ Last Name: _____

Fund Symbol: _____ Dollar Amount: _____ OR: _____ %/Fund*

Participant Social Security Number: _____ ☐ Employee Contribution ☐ Employer Contribution

3.

Owners First Name: _____ M.I. _____ Last Name: _____

Fund Symbol: _____ Dollar Amount: _____ OR: _____ %/Fund*

Participant Social Security Number: _____ ☐ Employee Contribution ☐ Employer Contribution

4.

Owners First Name: _____ M.I. _____ Last Name: _____

Fund Symbol: _____ Dollar Amount: _____ OR: _____ %/Fund*

Participant Social Security Number: _____ ☐ Employee Contribution ☐ Employer Contribution

5.

Owners First Name: _____ M.I. _____ Last Name: _____

Fund Symbol: _____ Dollar Amount: _____ OR: _____ %/Fund*

Participant Social Security Number: _____ ☐ Employee Contribution ☐ Employer Contribution

Primerica Shareholder Services

Payroll Deduction Remittance Transmittal

6.

Owners First Name: _____ M.I. _____ Last Name: _____

Fund Symbol: _____ Dollar Amount: _____ OR: _____ %/Fund*

Participant Social Security Number: _____ ☐ Employee Contribution ☐ Employer Contribution

7.

Owners First Name: _____ M.I. _____ Last Name: _____

Fund Symbol: _____ Dollar Amount: _____ OR: _____ %/Fund*

Participant Social Security Number: _____ ☐ Employee Contribution ☐ Employer Contribution

8.

Owners First Name: _____ M.I. _____ Last Name: _____

Fund Symbol: _____ Dollar Amount: _____ OR: _____ %/Fund*

Participant Social Security Number: _____ ☐ Employee Contribution ☐ Employer Contribution

Total Contribution for this Period: $ _____

Name of Company: _____ Contact Person: _____

Address: _____

City: _____ State: _____ ZIP Code: _____ Phone Number: _____

*When establishing each account, please contact your PFSI Representative.

*MUST equal 100T %; must be stated in full precentage points (33%, not 33.33%)

Once complete, mail this form(s) together with a check made payable to below: Primerica Shareholder Services ATTN: LIstbill Department.

Regular Mail:
Primerica Shareholder Services
P.O. Box 534485
Pittsburgh, PA 15253 - 4485

Fax Number:
(833)748-4712

Overnight Mail:
Primerica Shareholder Services
Attention: 534485
500 Ross Street, 154-0520
Pittsburgh, PA 15262

ROLLOVER CHART

Roll From	Roll To: Roth IRA	Traditional IRA	SIMPLE IRA	SEP-IRA	Governmental 457(b)	Qualified Plan[1] (pre-tax)	403(b) (pre-tax)	Designated Roth Account (401(k), 403(b) or 457(b))
Roth IRA	Yes[2]	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Traditional IRA	Yes[3]	Yes[2]	Yes[2, 7], after two years	Yes[2]	Yes[4]	Yes	Yes	No
SIMPLE IRA	Yes[3], after two years	Yes[2], after two years	Yes[2]	Yes[2], after two years	Yes[4], after two years	Yes, after two years	Yes, after two years	No
SEP-IRA	Yes[3]	Yes[2]	Yes[2, 7], after two years	Yes[2]	Yes[4]	Yes	Yes	No
Governmental 457(b)	Yes[3]	Yes	Yes[7], after two years	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes[3,5]
Qualified Plan[1] (pre-tax)	Yes[3]	Yes	Yes[7], after two years`	Yes	Yes[4]	Yes	Yes	Yes[3,5]
403(b) (pre-tax)	Yes[3]	Yes	Yes[7], after two years	Yes	Yes[4]	Yes	Yes	Yes[3,5]
Designated Roth Account (401(k), 403(b) or 457(b))	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes[6]

[1]Qualified plans include, for example, profit-sharing, 401(k), money purchase, and defined benefit plans.
[2] Only one rollover in any 12-month period.
[3]Must include in income.
[4]Must have separate accounts.
[5]Must be an in-plan rollover.
[6]Any nontaxable amounts distributed must be rolled over by direct trustee-to-trustee transfer.
[7]Applies to rollover contributions after December 18, 2015. For more information regarding retirement plans and rollovers, visit Tax Information for Retirement Plans.

Securities offered through PFS Investments Inc.

1 Primerica Parkway, Duluth, Georgia 30099-0001 1-800-544-5445

The mutual funds are offered by PFS Investments Inc. Representatives. This material is authorized for distribution only when preceded or accompanied by a copy of the official prospectus which includes information about the sales commissions, objectives, policies and other facts about the Funds. If you have any questions, please contact one of our Client Services Representatives at 1-800-544-5445. If you would like to speak with a Spanish-speaking Representative, dial 1-800-544-7378. For our hearing impaired clients, please call the TDD line at 1-800-824-1731.

PFSD-45 1.26
© 2005, 2007-2011, 2012-2022 PFS Investments Inc.
11SEC21-10